been given to them for purchase/discounting of cheques/demand drafts. They have been allowed to issue guarantees on behalf of their customers and have been allowed to install lockers, issue drafts and effect Mail Transiters (MTs) for increasing the range of services.

(ii) Seventy RRBs with disbursements of less than Rs. 2 crores during 1992-93 have been relieved of the service area obligations and they are allowed to finance throughout the area within their jurisdiction. Remaining RRBs are also allowed to extend loans within their entire command districts subject to their service area obligations.

(iii) RRBs have been allowed to relocate their loss making branches to relatively better locations viz. commercial centres like market area, village mandies, block and district headquarters, etc. and redeploy concerned staff suitably.

(iv) 102 select RRBs have been given equity support to the extent of Rs. 374 crores (approx.) by Government of India. A budget provision of Rs. 200 crores has been made in 1996-97 for this purpose.

(v) All RRBs have been advised to prepare bank specific development action plans to enable them to adopt a systematic approach for their turnaround.

(vi) Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has recently provided the RRBs access to profitable avenues for investment of their Non-SLR surplus funds in listed and other schemes of Unit Trust of India (UTI), fixed deposits in profit making term lending financial institutions like the Industrial Development Bank of India (IDBI), Industrial Credit Investment Corporation of India (ICICI), Industrial Finance Corporation of India (IFCI), Small Industrial Development Bank of India (SIDBI), in bonds of nationalised banks and profit earning public sector institutions and in non-convertible debentures of reputed blue chip companies. Besides, the RRBs have been permitted by the RBI to deploy a part of their surplus non-SLR funds in the credit portfolio of their sponsor banks through non-risk sharing participation certificates to be issued by the latter.

(vii) Prudential accounting norms of income recognition and asset classification has been made applicable to RRBs in 1995-96. Provisioning norms would be made applicable in a phased manner from 1996-97.

(viii) With effect from 26.08.1996 the RBI has deregulated the interest rates that can be charged to the ultimate borrowers by the RRBs.

[Translation]

Foreign Capital for Agro-based Industries

3525. SHRI S.P. JAISWAL : Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state :

(a) the details of the offers received for setting up of agro-based industries in Uttar Pradesh through foreign capital investment during the last three years;

(b) the details of proposals approved and the number of proposals implemented out of them; and

(c) the reasons for delay in implementation of the approved offers?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI MURASOLI MARAN) : (a) The details of the foreign collaboration proposals approved for Uttar Pradesh State including agro based industries during the last three years from 1.1.93 to 30.6.96 are given in the enclosed statement.

The details of such proposals viz. name of Indian company, name of country of foreign collaborator, equity investment involved and item of manufacture activity are published by the Indian Investment Centre as supplement to the monthly News letter and copies of these are regularly supplied to the Parliament Library.

(b) and (c) Implementation details of foreign investment projects are not centrally maintained. Monitoring of the project is primarily done by the State Government since commissioning of most projects depends upon various State level clearances including land, power etc. and gestation period which varies from project to project.

STATEMENT

List of Industry wise break-up of foreign collaboration cases approved by the Government from 01-01-93 to 30-06-96

(Rs. in Crores)

UTTAR PRADESH

Sl. No.	Name of Industry	Total	Tech	Fin	Amount	
1.	**METTALLURGICAL INDUSTRIES**					
	Ferrous	8	7	1	1.02	0.07
	Misc. (other items) - Metallurgy	2	2	0	0.0	0.00
	Total	10	9	1	1.02	0.07
2.	**FUELS**					
	POWER	1	0	1	296.02	19.35
	OIL REFINERY	2	1	1	598.00	39.09
	Others (Fuels)	2	2	0	0.00	0.00
	Total	5	3	2	894.02	58.43
3.	**PRIME MOVERS OTHER THAN ELECTRICAL**	1	1	0	0.00	0.00
4.	**ELECTRICALS EQUIPMENT**					
	Electrical Equipment	36	21	15	31.10	2.03
	Computer Software Industry	7	0	7	23.86	1.56
	Electronics	6	4	2	28.72	1.88
	Total	49	25	24	83.68	5.47
5.	**TELECOMMUNICATIONS**					
	Telecomunications	3	2	1	3.00	0.20
	Cellular Mobile Telephone Service	1	0	1	73.50	4.80
	Total	4	2	2	76.50	5.00
6.	**TRANSPORTATION INDUSTRY**					
	Automobile Industry	21	13	8	41.73	2.73
	Passenger Cars	1	0	1	0.00	0.00
	Total	22	13	9	41.73	2.73
7.	**INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY**	23	17	6	0.87	0.06
8.	**MACHINE TOOLS**	2	0	2	0.28	0.02
9.	**MISCELLANEUS MECHANICAL & ENGINEERING**	13	5	8	7.49	0.49
10.	**COMMERCIAL, OFFICE & HOUSEHOLD EQUIPMENT**	3	1	2	52.90	3.46
11.	**MEDICAL AND SURGICAL APPLIANCES**	2	2	0	0.00	0.00
12.	**INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENTS**	5	5	0	0.00	0.00
13.	**MATHEMATICAL, SURVEYING AND DRAWING**	1	0	1	0.12	0.01
14.	**FERTILIZERS**	6	6	0	0.00	0.00
15.	**CHEMICALS (OTHER THAN FERTILIZERS)**	22	10	12	148.28	9.69
16.	**PHOTOGRAPHIC RAW FILM AND PAPER**	2	1	1	2.0	0.13
17.	**DRUGS AND PHARMACEUTICALS**	4	2	2	1.33	0.09
18.	**TEXTILES (INCLUDE DYED, PRINTED)**	20	7	13	10.03	0.66

Sl. No.	Name of Industry		Total	Tech	Fin	Amount	
19.	**PAPER AND PULP INCLUDING PAPER PRODUCT**		3	0	3	18.77	1.23
20.	**SUGAR**		1	0	1	50.00	3.27
21.	**FERMENTATION INDUSTRIES**		4	2	2	14.70	0.96
22.	**FOOD PROCESSING INDUSTRIES**						
	Food products		20	6	14	79.31	5.18
	Marine products		1	0	1	1.50	0.10
		Total	21	6	15	80.81	5.28
23	**RUBBER GOODS**		6	5	1	1.35	0.09
24	**LEATHER, LEATHER GOODS AND PICKERS**		5	1	4	3.05	0.20
25	**GLASS**		2	1	1	0.60	0.04
26	**CERAMICS**		2	0	2	0.86	0.06
27	**DEFENCE INDUSTRIES**		1	1	0	0.00	0.00
28	**CONSULTANCY SERVICES**						
	Design & Eng. Services		5	2	3	0.19	0.01
		Total	5	2	3	0.19	0.01
29	**SERVICE SECTOR**						
	Non-Financial Services		3	0	3	19.83	1.30
		Total	3	0	3	19.83	1.30
30	**HOTEL & TOURISM**						
	Hotel & Restaurants		4	2	2	0.48	0.03
	Tourism		1	0	1	0.72	0.05
		Total	5	2	3	1.19	0.08
31	**TRADING CO.**						
32	**MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIES**		3	0	3	0.56	0.04
	Horticulture		4	1	3	1.89	0.12
	Agriculture		3	1	2	0.59	0.04
	Floriculture		3	0	3	11.25	0.74
	Others (Misc. Industries)		21	17	4	4.10	0.27
		Total	31	19	12	17.81	1.16
		Grand Total	286	148	138	1529.98	

[English]

Bank dues to Public Sectors

3526. SHRI CHINTAMAN WANAGA : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether the attention of the Government has been drawn to the news-item appearing in the "Indian Express" New Delhi dated July 30, 1996 under the caption 'Banks collar firms in cough up Rs. 6025 cr';

(b) if so, the facts thereof; and

(c) the details of the banks of the defaulting borrowers together with the progress made in recovery of the dues ?

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE (SHRI P. CHIDAMBARAM) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has introduced a schedule for collection and dissemination of